ZETTLER DISPLAYS

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY

	CUSTOMER APP	ROVAL	
% PART NO	D.: <u>ATM0177B3AS(ZI</u>	ETTLER DISPL	AYS) VER1.2
APPROVAL		COMPANY CHOP	
CUSTOMER			
COMMENTS			

ZETTLER DISPLAYS ENGINEERING APPROVAL							
DESIGNED BY CHECKED BY APPROVED BY							
GZC	XW	GuZH					

REVISION RECORD

REVISION	REVISION DATE	PAGE	CONTENTS
VER1.0	2024-04-25		FIRST ISSUED(CHANGE THE MATCHING IC BASED ON ATM0177B3A)
VER1.1	2024-05-15	3,5,15	ADD WEIGHT AND PACKAGING INFORMATION AND ADJUST BACKLIGHT VOLTAGE PARAMETERS ACCORDING TO THE SAMPLE
VER1.2	2024-12-31	12,13	UPDATE PRECAUTION

***** CONTENTS

- 1. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS
- 2. PIN ASSIGNMENT
- 3. OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS
- 4. OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS
- 5. RELIABILITY TEST
- 6. PRECAUTION FOR USING LCM
- 7. MECHANICAL DRAWING
- 8. PACKAGE DRAWING
- 9. INSPECTION SPECIFICATION

1. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Remark
1. LCD size	1.77 inch(Diagonal)	
2. Driver element	a-Si TFT active matrix	
3. Resolution	128x(RGB)x160	
4. Display mode	Normally white , Transmissive	
5. Dot Pitch (W*H)	0.073mm(W) x 0.219mm(H)	
6. Pixel pitch(W*H)	0.219mm(W) x 0.219mm(H)	
7. Active Area(W*H)	28.032mm(W) x 35.04mm(H)	
8. Module size (W*H)	34.70mm(W) x 46.70mm(H) x 2.50mm (D)	Note 1
Surface treatment	Anti-glare	
10. Color arrangement	RGB-stripe	
11. Color	65K	
12. Viewing angle	L/R/T/B: 70/70/45/30	
13. Interface	4-wire SPI	
14. LCD controller	ST7735P3	
15. LCM Brightness	500 cd/m2 (Typ.)	
16. Backlight driving condition	40mA @3.1V	
17. Touch panel	N.A.	
18. Touch controller	N.A.	
19 Operation Temperature	-20~70 °C	
20. Weight	6.0g(Typ.)	
21. RoHS/REACH	RoHS/REACH compliant	

Note 1: Please refer to mechanical drawing.

2. PIN ASSIGNMENT

FPC Connector is used for the module electronics interface. The recommended model is FH12A-15S-0.5SH manufactured by Hirose. Or other alternatives

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Level	Note
1	NC	No connection		
2	NC	No connection		
3	NC	No connection		
4	NC	No connection		
5	LEDA	Power for LED backlight(Anode)	Р	
6	NC	No connection		
7	NC	No connection		
8	GND	Power ground	Р	
9	VCC	Power supply	Р	
10	SDA	Serial data	I/O	
11	SCL	Serial clock	I	
12	A0	Data/clock selection	I	
13	REST	Reset	I	
14	LEDK	Power for LED backlight(Cathode)	Р	
15	CS	Chip selection	I	

I: input, O: output, P: Power

3. Operating Specification

3.1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Val	ues	Unit	Remark
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Oille	
Power Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.3	4.6	V	
Operation Temperature	T _{OP}	-20	70	°C	
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-30	80	°C	
LED Reverse Voltage	V_R	-	1.2	V	Each LED Note 2
LED Forward Current	I _F		25	mA	Each LED

Note 1: The absolute maximum rating values of this product are not allowed to be exceeded at any times. Should a module be used with any of the absolute maximum ratings exceeded, the characteristics of the module may not be recovered, or in an extreme case, the module may be permanently destroyed.

Note 2: V_R Conditions: Zener Diode 20mA

3.1.1 Typical Operation Conditions

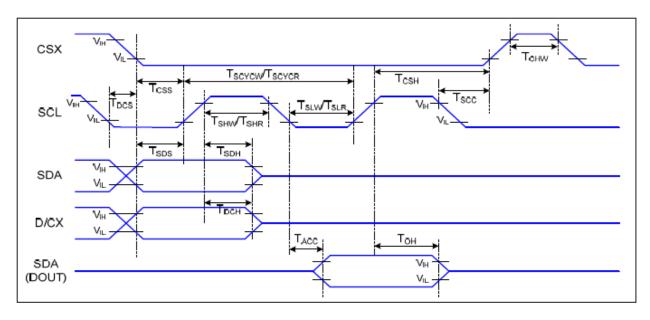
lto	Values			l lm:4	Damada	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power Voltage	V _{CC}	2.6	2.8	3.3	V	
Input Logic High Voltage	V _{IH}	0.8V _{CC}		V _{CC}	V	
Input Logic Low Voltage	V _{IL}	0		0.2V _{CC}	V	

3.1.2 Backlight driving conditions

Item	Symbol		Values	Unit	Remark	
item	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Kemark
Voltage for LED Backlight	V_L	2.8	3.1	3.4	٧	
Current for LED Backlight	l _L		40		mA	
LED life time	-	30000			Hr	Note 1

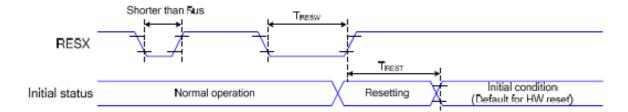
Note 1: The "LED life time" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C and I_L =40mA.

3.3 Timing Characteristics



Ta=25 °C, VDDI=1.65~3.7V, VDD=2.5~4.8V

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit	Description
	TCSS	Chip Select Setup Time (Write)	45		ns	
	TCSH	Chip Select Hold Time (Write)	45		ns	
CSX	TCSS	Chip Select Setup Time (Read)	60		ns	
	TSCC	Chip Select Hold Time (Read)	65		ns	
	TCHW	Chip Select "H" Pulse Width	40		ns	
	TSCYCW	Serial Clock Cycle (Write)	66		ns	-Write Command &
	TSHW	SCL "H" Pulse Width (Write)	15		ns	Data Ram
TSLW	SCL "L" Pulse Width (Write)	15		ns	Data Raili	
SCL	TSCYCR	Serial Clock Cycle (Read)	150		ns	-Read Command &
	TSHR	SCL "H" Pulse Width (Read)	60		ns	-Read Command &
TSLR		SCL "L" Pulse Width (Read)	60		ns	Data Raili
D/CX	TDCS	D/CX Setup Time	10		ns	
DICX	TDCH	D/CX Hold Time	10		ns	
SDA	TSDS	Data Setup Time	10		ns	
(DIN)	TSDH	Data Hold Time	10		ns	For Maximum CL=30pF
(DOUT)	TACC	Access Time	10	50	ns	For Minimum CL=8pF
(5001)	TOH	Output Disable Time	15	50	ns	



Related Pins	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit
	tRESW	Reset Pulse Duration	10	-	us
RESX	+DECT	Poset Consol	-	5	ms
	tREST Reset Cancel			120	ms

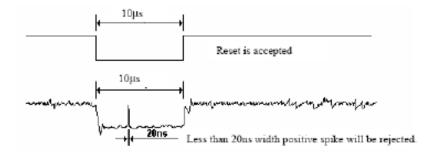
Table 14 Reset Timing

Notes:

- The reset cancel includes also required time for loading ID bytes, VCOM setting and other settings from NVM (or similar device) to registers. This loading is done every time when there is HW reset cancel time (tRT) within 5 ms after a rising edge of RESX.
- Spike due to an electrostatic discharge on RESX line does not cause irregular system reset according to the table below:

RESX Pulse	Action
Shorter than 5us	Reset Rejected
Longer than 9us	Reset
Between 5us and 9us	Reset Starts

- 3. During the Resetting period, the display will be blanked (The display is entering blanking sequence, which maximum time is 120 ms, when Reset Starts in Sleep Out –mode. The display remains the blank state in Sleep In -mode.) and then return to Default condition for Hardware Reset.
- Spike Rejection also applies during a valid reset pulse as shown below:



- 5. When Reset applied during Sleep In Mode.
- When Reset applied during Sleep Out Mode.
- 7. It is necessary to wait 5msec after releasing RESX before sending commands. Also Sleep Out command

4.0 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Symbol	Condition	Values			Unit	Remark
item	Syllibol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oiiit	Remark
	θ_{L}	Φ=180°(9 O'CLOCK)	60	70			Note 1
Viewing Angle	θ_{R}	Φ=0°(3 O'CLOCK)	60	70		degree	
(CR≥10)	θ_{T}	Φ=90°(12 O'CLOCK)	35	45		degree	
	θ_{B}	Φ=270°(6 O'CLOCK)	20	30			
Poononoo Timo	T _{ON}			10	20	msec	Note 3
Response Time	T_{OFF}			15	30	msec	Note 3
Contrast Ratio	CR		400	500			Note 4
	W _X	Normal	0.24	0.29	0.34		Note 2
Color Chromaticity	۱۸/	Θ=Φ=0°	0.25	0.30	0.25		Note 5
	W_Y		0.25	0.30	0.35		Note 6
Luminance	L		450	500		cd/m ²	Note 6
Luminance Uniformity	YU		75	80		%	Note 7

Test Conditions:

- 1. If=40mA, the ambient temperature is 25 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 2. The test systems refer to Note 2.

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range

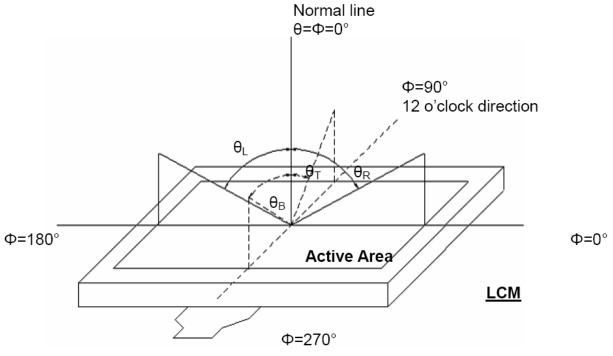


Figure 4.1 Definition of viewing angle.

Note 2: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 30 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. (Response time is measured by Photo detector TOPCON

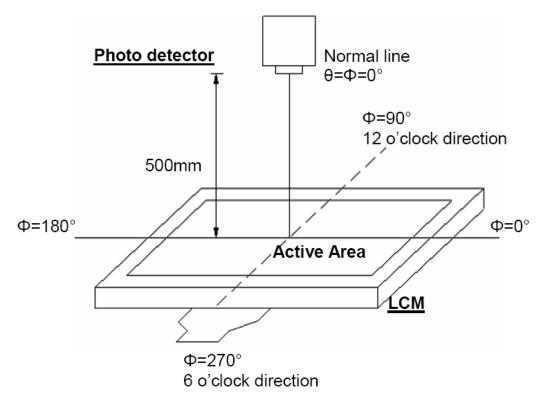


Figure 4.2 Optical measurement system setup

Note 3: Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (TON) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (TOFF) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.

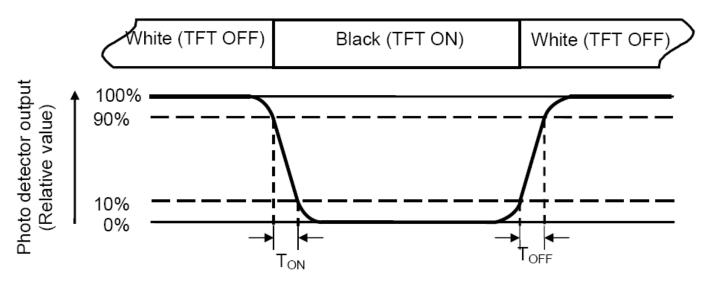


Figure 4.3 Definition of response.

Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio(CR)= Luminance measured when LCD on the "white" state Luminance measured when LCD on the "black" state

Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

Note 6: All input terminals LCD panel must be ground while measuring the center area of the panel.

Note 7: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer to Fig. 4.4). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity (Yu) =
$$\frac{B_{min}}{B_{max}}$$

L-----Active area length W----- Active area width

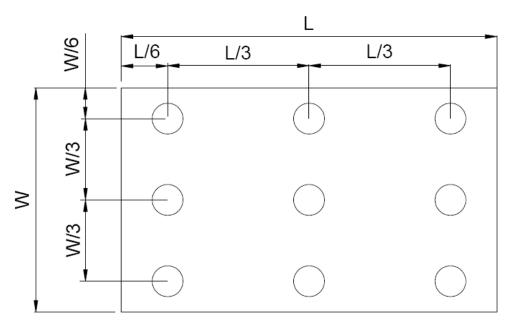


Figure 4.4 Definition of measuring points.

Bmax: The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position. Bmin: The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

5. RELIABILITY TEST

Item	Test Condition Item	Remark
High temperature storage	Ta= 80 °C 240hrs	Note 1 Note 4
Low temperature storage	Ta=-30 °C 240hrs	Note 1 Note 4
High temperature operation	Ts= 70 °C 240hrs	Note 2 Note 4
Low temperature operation	Ts=-20 °C 240hrs	Note 1 Note 4
High temperature/High humidity operation	90% RH 40°C 120hrs	Note 4
Thermal Shock	-10°C/30 min ~ +60°C/30 min for a total 10 cycles, Start with cold temperature and end with high temperature.	Note 4
Package drop test	Height:100 cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces	

Note 1: Ta is the ambient temperature of samples.

Note 2: Ts is the temperature of panel's surface.

Note 3: In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problem that may affect the display function. After the reliability test, the product only guarantees operation,

but don't guarantee all of the cosmetic specification.

Note 4: Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 2 hours at room temperature.

6. PRECAUTION FOR USING LCM

- When design the product with this LCD Module, make sure the viewing angle matches to its purpose of usage.
- 2. As LCD panel is made of glass substrate, dropping the LCD module or banging it against hard objects may cause cracking or fragmentation. Especially at corners and edges.
- Although the polarizer of this LCD Module has the anti-glare coating, always be careful not to scratch its surface.Use of a plastic cover is recommended to protect the surface of polarizer.
- 4. If the LCD module is stored below specified temperature, the LC material may freeze and be deteriorated. If it is stored above specified temperature, the molecular orientation of the LC material may change to Liquid state and it may not revert to its original state. And also excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarizer peel off or bubble. Therefore, the LCD module should always be stored within specified temperature and humidity range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend temperature/humidity for the storage environment is:

Temperature: 15°C ~ 35°C / Relatively humidity: ≤80%

- 5. Meanwhile please follow other requirements below for storage:
 - -Store with no touch on display surface by the anything else. If possible, store the LCD in the packaging situation when it was delivered.
 - -If the original package is opened, please store in an anti-static polyethylene bag and seal it so as not to get fresh air outside enter into it.
 - LCD modules shall be stored in a dark place. And it shall not be exposed to sunlight nor fluorescent light in storage.

Note: If the storage time is over 1 year, the golden fingers of FPC might be slightly oxidized, but it won't affect the electrical performance, customer can use rubber to clean the golden fingers before assembly or directly assemble the display.

6. Saliva or water droplets must be wiped off immediately as those may leave stains or cause color changes if is remained there for a long time. And water vapor will cause corrosion of ITO electrodes.

If the surface of LCD panel needs to be cleaned, wipe it swiftly with cotton or other soft dry cloth. If it is not still clean enough, blow a breath on the surface and wipe again.

If needed, please just moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents
- 7. The module should be driven according to the specified ratings to avoid malfunction and permanent damage. Applying DC voltage cause a rapid deterioration of LC material. Make sure to apply alternating waveform by continuous application of the M signal. Especially the power ON/OFF sequence should be kept to avoid latch-up of driver LSIs and DC charge up to LCD panel.
- 8. Mechanical Considerations
 - a) LCM are assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Avoid excessive shocks and do not make any alterations or modifications. The following should be noted.
 - b) Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the metal frame.
 - Do not modify the PCB by drilling extra holes, changing its outline, moving its components or modifying its pattern.
- 9. Static Electricity
 - a) Operator

Wear the electrostatics shielded clothes because human body may be statically charged if not ware shielded clothes. Never touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads; the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.

b) Equipment

There is a possibility that the static electricity is charged to the equipment, which has a function of peeling or friction action (ex: conveyer, soldering iron, working table). Earth the equipment through proper resistance (electrostatic earth: 1x10⁸ ohm).

Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.

If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be well grounded and shielded from commutator sparks.

The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches; for the latter conductive (rubber) mat is recommended.

c) Floor

Floor is the important part to drain static electricity, which is generated by operators or equipment.

There is a possibility that charged static electricity is not properly drained in case of insulating floor. Set the electrostatic earth (electrostatic earth: 1x10⁸ ohm).

d) Humidity

Proper humidity helps in reducing the chance of generating electrostatic charges. Humidity should be kept between 50%RH and 80%RH.

e) Transportation/storage

The storage materials also need to be anti-static treated because there is a possibility that the human body or storage materials such as containers may be statically charged by friction or peeling.

The modules should be kept in antistatic bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.

f) Soldering

Soldering anything to this TFT display would void the warranty.

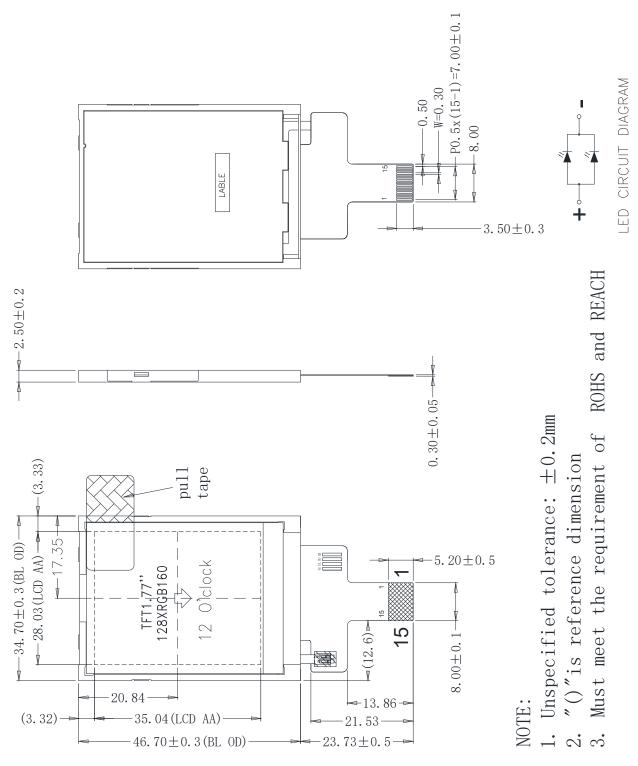
a) Others

The laminator (protective film) is attached on the surface of LCD panel to prevent it from scratches or stains. It should be peeled off slowly using static eliminator.

Static eliminator should also be installed to the workbench to prevent LCD module from static charge.

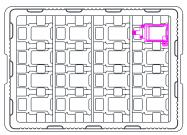
- 10. Operation
 - a) Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage shortens display life.
 - b) Response time increases with decrease in temperature.
 - c) Display may turn black or dark blue at temperatures above its operational range; this is (however not pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
 - d) Mechanical disturbance during operation (such as pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
- 11. If any fluid leaks out of a damaged glass cell, wash off any human part that comes into contact with soap and water. The toxicity is extremely low but caution should be exercised at all the time.
- 12. Disassembling the LCD module can cause permanent damage and it should be strictly avoided.
- 13. LCD retains the display pattern when it is applied for long time (Image retention). To prevent image retention, do not apply the fixed pattern for a long time. Image retention is not a deterioration of LCD. It will be removed after display pattern is changed.
- 14. Do not use any materials, which emit gas from epoxy resin (hardener for amine) and silicone adhesive agent (dealcohol or deoxym) to prevent discoloration of polarizer due to gas.
- 15. Avoid the exposure of the module to the direct sunlight or strong ultraviolet light for a long time.

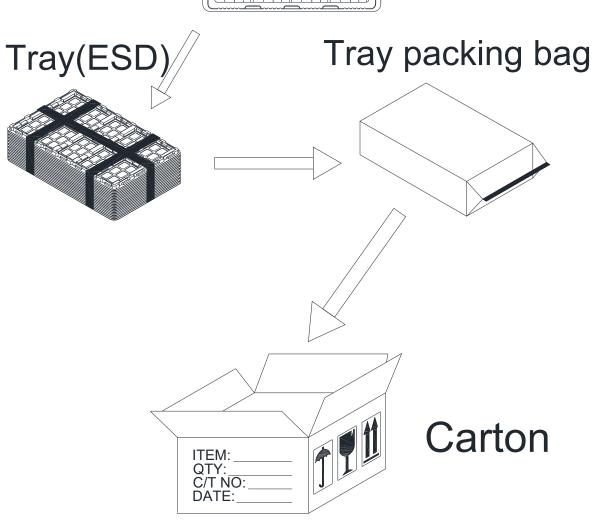
7. MECHANICAL DRAWING



8. PACKAGE DRAWING

Tray(ESD)





9. INSPECTION SPECIFICATION

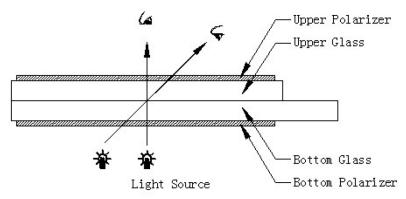
9.1.1 Inspection conditions

Inspection performed under the following conditions is recommended.

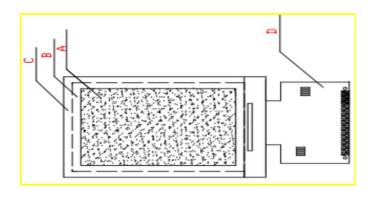
Temperature: 25±5°C Humidity: 65%±10%RH

Viewing Angle: Normal viewing Angle (90° \pm 45°).; llumination: Single fluorescent lamp (800 \sim 1200 LUX);

Viewing distance: 25-35cm, time: 5-10s;



9.1.2 Definition



Zone A: LCD AA
Zone B: Viewing Area

Zone C: Outside of the Viewing Area

Note:

As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C can be ignored when it doesn't effect product function or appearance after assembly by customer.

9.1.3 Sampling Plan

According to GB/T 2828-2003; , normal inspection, Class Π

AQL:

Major defect	Minor defect		
0.65	1.5		

LCD: Liquid Crystal Display, TP: Touch Panel, LCM: Liquid Crystal Module

No	Items to be inspected	Criteria	Classification of defects
1	Functional defects	1) No display 2) Display abnormally 3) Missing vertical, horizontal segment 4) Short circuit 5) Back-light no lighting, flickering and abnormal lighting 6)Cross-Talk 7)Noise	
2	Missing	8)Color contrast Missing component	
3	Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not allowed	
4	Color tone	Color unevenness, refer to limited sample	
5	Soldering appearance Good soldering, Peeling off is not allowed. LCD/Polarizer Black/White spot/line, scratch, crack, etc.		Minor
6			
7	mura	ND5%, 128 gray	Major
8	Cross-talk	≤ 5%	Minor

9.1.4 Criteria (Visual)

9.1.4 Criteria	(Visual)					
Number	ltems	Criteria(mm)				
1.0 LCD Crack/Broken	(1) The edge of LCD broken					
X: Length Y: Width		X Y Z				
Z: Height L: Length of ITO,		≤1.5mm				
T: Height of LCD	(2)LCD corner broken	X Y Z ≤3mm ≤2mm ≤T				
	(3) LCD crack	Crack Not allowed				

Number Items Criteria (mm)						
2.0	Spot defect	① light dot (LCD/TP/Polarizer black/white spot , light dot, pinhole, dent, sta				
	х Ф=(X+Y)/2	Zone	Acceptable Qty			
		Size (mm)	А	В	С	
		Ф≤0.10	Ignore		lgnore	
		0.10<Φ≤0.15	2			
		0.15<Φ≤0.2	1		Ignore	
		0.2<Ф	0			
		②Dim spot(LCD/TP/Polarizer dim dot, light leakage、dark spot)				
		Zone	ŀ	Acceptable Qty		
		Size (mm)	А	В	С	
		Ф≤0.1	Igno	re		
		0.1<Φ≤0.2	2(D>10mm)		lgnore	
		0.2<Φ≤0.3	1		- Ignore	
		Ф>0.3	0			
	Line defect (LCD /Polarizer black/white line, scratch, stain)	Width(mm)	Length(mm)	Acc	eptable Qty	
		Ф≤0.03	Ignore		Ignore	
		0.03 <w≤0.05< td=""><td>L≤1.5</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td></w≤0.05<>	L≤1.5		1	
		0.05 <w< td=""><td colspan="2">W > 0.05 for Spot defect</td><td>t defect</td><td></td></w<>	W > 0.05 for Spot defect		t defect	
	Polarizer scratch	Width(mm)	Length(mm)	Acce	ptable Qty	
3.0		W≤0.03	Ignore		lgnore	_
		0.03 <w≤0.05< td=""><td>L≤5</td><td></td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2">0</td></w≤0.05<>	L≤5		0	
		0.05< W	0			

	Polarizer	Zor Size (mm)		Acceptable Qty	
	Bubble	Ф≤0.1		Ignore	
		0.1<Φ≤0	.2	2 (D≥15mm)	
		0.2<Φ		0	
4.0	SMT	According to the <acceptability assemblies="" electronic="" of=""> IPC-A-610C class 2 standard. Component missing or function defect are Major defect, the others are Minor defect.</acceptability>			
	TFT	distinguish	type	Acceptable	R G B
5.0		Bright dot	Any color window Adjacent Bright dot	0 0	Dot
		Dark dot	Dark dot Adjacent Dark dot	0	
		Note: the re	d (R), green, blue (